U.S. Bankruptcy Court California Northern Bankruptcy Court (San Francisco) Bankruptcy Petition #: 19-30088

Date filed: 01/29/2019 *Plan confirmed:* 06/20/2020 Assigned to: Judge Dennis Montali 341 meeting: 04/29/2019 Deadline for filing claims: 10/21/2019 Chapter 11 Voluntary Asset Deadline for filing claims (govt.): 10/21/2019

Debtor **PG&E** Corporation 77 Beale Street P.O. Box 770000 San Francisco, CA 94177 SAN FRANCÍSCO-CA (929) 333-8977 Tax ID / EIN: 94-3234914

represented by Max Africk

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP 767 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10153 212-310-8000 TERMINATED: 11/12/2019

Peter J. Benvenutti

Keller Benvenutti Kim LLP 650 California St. 19th Fl. San Francisco, CA 94108 $(415)\ 364-6798$

Èmail: pbenvenutti@kbkllp.com

Kevin Bostel

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP 767 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10153 212-310-8000

Lee Brand

Pillsbury Winthrop Shaw Pittman LLP Four Embarcadero Center, 22nd Fl. San Francisco, CA 94111-5998 415-983-1116 Email: <u>lee.brand@pillsburylaw.com</u>

Timothy G. Cameron

Cravath, Swaine & Moore LLP Worldwide Plaza 825 8th Ave. New York, NY 10019 (212)474-1120

Jared R. Friedmann

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP 767 Fifth Ave. New York, NY 10153 (212) 310-8000

Andriana Georgallas

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP 767 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10153 212-310-8000

Case: 19-30088 Doc# 9412-2 Filed: 11/05/20 Entered: 11/05/20 11:43:31 Page 1

of 43

Stuart J. Goldring

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP 767 Fifth Ave. New York, NY 10153 (212) 310-8000

Matthew Goren

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP 767 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10153 212-310-8000

David A. Herman

Cravath, Swaine & Moore LLP 825 Eighth Avenue New York, NY 10019 212-474-1000

Stephen Karotkin

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP 767 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10153 212-310-8000

Tobias S. Keller

Keller Benvenutti Kim LLP 650 California St. #1900 San Francisco, CA 94108 (415)796-0709Email: tkeller@kbkllp.com

Jane Kim

Keller Benvenutti Kim LLP 650 California St, Suite 1900 San Francisco, CA 94108 (415) 364 - 6793Email: ikim@kbkllp.com

Katherine Kohn

Groom Law Group, Chartered 1701 Pennsylvania Ave, NW #1200 Washington, DC 20006 (202) 861–2607 Èmail: kkohn@groom.com

Kevin Kramer

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP 767 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10153 212-310-8000

David Levine

Groom Law Group, Chartered 1701 Pennsylvania Ave, NW #1200 Washington, DC 20006 $(202)\ 861-5436$ Èmail: dnl@groom.com

Dara Levinson Silveira

Keller Benvenutti Kim LLP 650 California St. #1900 San Francisco, CA 94108

Entered: 11/05/20 11:43:31 Page 2 of 43

415-364-6793

Email: dsilveira@kbkllp.com

Jessica Liou

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP 767 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10153 212-310-8000

Omid H. Nasab

Cravath, Swaine & Moore LLP 825 Eighth Avenue New York, NY 10019 212-474-1000

John Nolan

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP 767 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10153 212-310-8000

Kevin J. Orsini

Cravath, Swaine & Moore LLP 825 Eighth Avenue New York, NY 10019 212-474-1000

Thomas B. Rupp

Keller Benvenutti Kim LLP 650 California Street, Suite 1900 San Francisco, CA 94108 415-636-9015

Email: trupp@kbkllp.com

Bradley R. Schneider

Munger Tolles and Olson LLP 350 S Grand Ave., 50th Fl. Los Angeles, CA 90071 (213) 683–9100 Èmail: bradley.schneider@mto.com

Ray C. Schrock

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP 767 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10153 212-310-8000

Richard W. Slack

Weil Gotshal and Manges, LLP 767 Fifth Ave. New York, NY 10153-0119 (212) 310-8000 Email: richard.slack@weil.com

Theodore Tsekerides

Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP 767 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10153 212-310-8000

Paul H. Zumbro

Cravath, Swaine & Moore LLP 85 Eighth Avenue

Case: 19-30088 Doc# 9412-2 Filed: 11/05/20 Entered: 11/05/20 11:43:31 Page 3 of 43

New York, NY 10019 2124741000

Email: mao@cravath.com

Responsible Ind Jason P. Wells Senior Vice President Chief Financial Officer PG&E Corporation 77 Beale St. San Francisco, CA 94177 (929) 333–8977

U.S. Trustee Office of the U.S. Trustee / SF Phillip J. Burton Federal Building 450 Golden Gate Ave. 5th Fl., #05–0153 San Francisco, CA 94102 (415)705 - 3333

represented by Jason Blumberg

Office of the U.S. Trustee 501 I St. #7-500 Sacramento, CA 95814 (916) 930-2076 Èmail: jason.blumberg@usdoj.gov

Cameron Gulden

Office of the United States Trustee 300 Booth St., Room 3009 Reno, NV 89509 (775) 784–5335 Email: cameron.m.gulden@usdoj.gov

Lynette C. Kelly

Office of the United States Trustee Phillip J. Burton Federal Building 450 Golden Gate Ave. 5th Fl., #05–0153 San Francisco, CA 94102 $(415)\ 252-2065$ Email: <u>ustpregion17.oa.ecf@usdoj.gov</u>

Timothy S. Laffredi Office of the U. S. Trustee – San Jose 280 South 1 St., Suite 268 San Jose, CA 95113 (408) 535 - 5525Email: timothy.s.laffredi@usdoj.gov

Timothy S. Laffredi

Office of the U.S. Trustee – SF 450 Golden Gate Ave. Suite 05-0153 San Francisco, CA 94102 (415) 705 - 3333Email: timothy.s.laffredi@usdoj.gov

Marta Villacorta

Office of the United States Trustee Phillip J. Burton Federal Building 450 Golden Gate Ave. 5th Fl., #05–0153 San Francisco, CA 94102 (415) 252 - 2062Email: marta.villacorta@usdoj.gov

Creditor Committee **Official Committee Of Unsecured Creditors** represented by Paul S. Aronzon

Milbank LLP 2029 Century Park East, 33rd Fl. Los Angeles, CA 90067 (424) 386–4000

Case: 19-30088 Doc# 9412-2 Filed: 11/05/20 Entered: 11/05/20 11:43:31 Page 4 of 43

Email: paronzon@milbank.com

James C. Behrens

Milbank, LLP 2029 Century Park E, 33rd Fl. Los Angeles, CA 90067 (424) 386–4436 Email: <u>ibehrens@milbank.com</u>

Gregory A. Bray

Milbank LLP 2029 Century Park East, 33rd Fl. Los Angeles, CA 90067 (424) 386–4470 Èmail: gbray@milbank.com

Erin Elizabeth Dexter

Milbank LLP 1850 K St., NW, #1100 Washington, DC 20006 (202) 835 - 7500

Èmail: edexter@milbank.com

Dennis F. Dunne

Milbank, LLP 55 Hudson Yards New York, NY 10001-2163 (212) 530 - 5000Email: ddunne@milbank.com

Samuel A. Khalil

Milbank, LLP 55 Hudson Yards New York, NY 10001-2163 (212) 530 - 5000

Email: skhalil@milbank.com

Thomas R. Kreller

Milbank LLP 2029 Century Park East, 33rd Los Angeles, CA 90067 (424) 386–4463 Èmail: tkreller@milbank.com

Andrew Michael Leblanc

Milbank LLP 1850 K St., NW, #1100 Washington, DC 20006 (202) 835 - 7500Email: ALeblanc@milbank.com

Alan J. Stone

Milbank LLP 55 Hudson Yards New York, NY 10001 (212) 530 - 5000

Email: AStone@milbank.com

Creditor Committee Official Committee of Tort Claimants represented by Lauren T. Attard

Baker Hostetler LLP 11601 Wilshire Blvd. #1400 Los Angeles, CA 90025-0509

Case: 19-30088 Doc# 9412-2 Filed: 11/05/20 Entered: 11/05/20 11:43:31 Page 5

of 43

(310) 820-8800

Email: lattard@bakerlaw.com

Chris Bator

Baker & Hostetler LLP 127 Public Square #2000 Cleveland, OH 44114 (216) 621-0200 Èmail: cbator@bakerlaw.com

Dustin M. Dow

Baker & Hostetler LLP 127 Public Square #2000 Cleveland, OH 44114 (216) 621–0200 Èmail: ddow@bakerlaw.com

Cecily Ann Dumas

Baker and Hostetler LLP Transamerica Pyramid Center 600 Montgomery Street, Suite 3100 San Francisco, CA 94111-2806 415-659-2600

Email: cdumas@bakerlaw.com

Joseph M. Esmont

Baker & Hostetler LLP 127 Public Sq., #2000 Cleveland, OH 44147 (216)861-7835

Èmail: jesmont@bakerlaw.com

Lars H. Fuller

Baker & Hostetler LLP 1801 California St #4400 Denver, CO 80202 (303) 764-4114

Email: <u>lfuller@bakerlaw.com</u>

Eric R. Goodman

Baker & Hostetler LLP Key Tower, 127 Public Sq., #2000 Cleveland, OH 44114–1214 (216) 621-0200

Èmail: egoodman@bakerlaw.com

Elizabeth A. Green

BakerHostetler LLP 200 S. Orange Ave. #2300 Orlando, FL 32801 (407) 649-4000

Èmail: egreen@bakerlaw.com

Robert A. Julian

Baker and Hostetler LLP Transamerica Pyramid Center 600 Montgomery Street, Suite 3100 San Francisco, CA 94111–2806 $(415)\ 569-2600$ Email: rjulian@bakerlaw.com

Elyssa S. Kates

Baker & Hostetler LLP

Case: 19-30088 Doc# 9412-2 Filed: 11/05/20 Entered: 11/05/20 11:43:31 Page 6 of 43

45 Rockefeller Plaza New York, NY 10111 (212) 589 - 4227Èmail: ekates@bakerlaw.com

Kody D. L. Kleber Baker & Hostetler LLP 811 Main St., #1100 Houston, TX 77005 (713) 703 - 1315Email: kkleber@bakerlaw.com

John H. MacConaghy MacConaghy and Barnier 645 1st St. W #D Sonoma, CA 95476 (707)935-3205Email: macclaw@macbarlaw.com

Kimberly S. Morris Baker & Hostetler LLP Transamerica Pyramid Center 600 Montgomery Street, Suite 3100 San Francisco, CA 94111 (415) 659-2600 Email: kmorris@bakerlaw.com

David J. Richardson Baker & Hostetler, LLP 11601 Wilshire Blvd., 14th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90025 (310) 442-8858 Èmail: drichardson@bakerlaw.com

David B. Rivkin, Jr. Baker and Hostetler LLP 1050 Connecticut Ave., N.W., #1100 Washington, DC 20036 $(202)\ 861 - 1731$ Èmail: drivkin@bakerlaw.com

Jorian L. Rose Baker & Hostetler LLP 45 Rockefeller Plaza New York, NY 10111 (212) 589 - 4200Èmail: jrose@bakerlaw.com

Eric E. Sagerman Baker and Hostetler LLP 11601 Wilshire Blvd. #1400 Los Angeles, CA 90025 (310) 442 - 8875Èmail: esagerman@bakerlaw.com

Catherine E. Woltering Baker & Hostetler LLP Key Tower, 127 Public Sq., #2000 Cleveland, OH 44114–1214 (614) 462 - 2677Email: cwoltering@bakerlaw.com TERMINATED: 04/01/2020

Case: 19-30088 Doc# 9412-2 Filed: 11/05/20 Entered: 11/05/20 11:43:31 Page 7

of 43

Filing Date	#	Docket Text
10/22/2020	9333	Memorandum Decision Disallowing Administrative Expense Claims (RE: related document(s)8536 Motion to Reconsider filed by Interested Party Elliott Management Corporation, 8663 Joinder filed by Interested Party Canyon Capital Advisors LLC, Interested Party Citadel Advisors LLC, Interested Party Davidson Kempner Capital Management LP, Interested Party Farallon Capital Management, L.L.C., Interested Party Sculptor Master Fund, Ltd., Interested Party Varde Partners, Inc., Interested Party Sculptor Enhanced Master Fund, Ltd., Interested Party Sculptor Credit Opportunities Master Fund, Ltd., Interested Party Sculptor GC Opportunities Master Fund, Ltd., Interested Party Sculptor SC II, LP, 8704 Joinder filed by Interested Party Pacific Investment Management Company LLC). (lp) (Entered: 10/22/2020)
10/22/2020	9336	Order Disallowing Administrative Expense Claims of Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (RE: related document(s)8704 Joinder filed by Interested Party Pacific Investment Management Company LLC, 9034 Response filed by Interested Party Canyon Capital Advisors LLC, Interested Party Citadel Advisors LLC, Interested Party Davidson Kempner Capital Management LP, Interested Party Farallon Capital Management, L.L.C., Interested Party Sculptor Master Fund, Ltd., Interested Party Varde Partners, Inc., Interested Party Sculptor Enhanced Master Fund, Ltd., Interested Party Sculptor Credit Opportunities Master Fund, Ltd., Interested Party Sculptor GC Opportunities Master Fund, Ltd., Interested Party Sculptor SC II, LP, Interested Party Pacific Investment Management Company LLC). (lp) (Entered: 10/22/2020)
11/04/2020	9405	Notice of Appeal and Statement of Election to Have Appeal Heard by District Court, Fee Amount \$ 298. (RE: related document(s)9333 Memorandum Decision, 9336 Order). Appellant Designation due by 11/20/2020. Transmission of Record to District Court due by 12/4/2020. Statement of Issues due by 11/20/2020. Filed by Interested Party Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (McNeilly, Edward) (Entered: 11/04/2020)
11/04/2020	9406	Certificate of Service (RE: related document(s) <u>9405</u> Notice of Appeal and Statement of Election). Filed by Interested Party Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (McNeilly, Edward) (Entered: 11/04/2020)

Entered on Docket
October 22, 2020
EDWARD J. EMMONS, CLERK

EDWARD J. EMMONS, CLERK
U.S. BANKRUPTCY COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

ANTRICT OF CHE

Signed and Filed: October 22, 2020

Veris Montale.

DENNIS MONTALI U.S. Bankruptcy Judge

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

In re:	Bankruptcy Case
)	No. 19-30088-DM
PG&E CORPORATION,)	
)	Chapter 11
- and -)	
)	Jointly Administered
PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY,)	
)	
Reorganized Debtors.	Date: October 13, 2020
)	Time: 10:30 a.m.
☐ Affects PG&E Corporation	Hearing held via Zoom
☐ Affects Pacific Gas and	
Electric Company	
☐ Affects both Debtors	
Affects both bebtons	
* All papers shall be filed in)	
the Lead Case, No. 19-30088 (DM).	
LITE LEAG CASE, NO. 19-30000 (DM).	

MEMORANDUM DECISION DISALLOWING ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE CLAIMS

I. INTRODUCTION.

A group of claimants ("the RSA Noteholders") have asserted administrative expense claims arising from the Reorganized Debtors' purported breach of a post-petition restructuring agreement, estimated to be in the aggregate of \$250,000,000, against the Reorganized Debtors. For the reasons explained

-1-

below, the court will sustain the objections of the Reorganized Debtors and disallow the claims.

II. PARTIES.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

Elliott Management Corporation ("Elliott") on its own behalf and on behalf of certain funds and accounts managed, advised, or sub-advised by it, filed the Motion for (i) Allowance and Payment of an Administrative Expense Claim and (ii) to the Extent Necessary, Reconsideration and Relief from the Confirmation Order Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 60(b) on July 24, 2020 (Dkt. 8536). This motion and request for allowance and payment of an administrative expense is based on a purported breach by Debtors of a post-petition restructuring agreement that they entered with certain noteholders (the "Noteholder RSA"). Elliott was joined by several similarly situated claimants who filed their Joinder in the Pending Elliott Motion and Request for Allowance and Payment of Administrative Expense Claim on August 4, 2020 (Dkt. 8663).1 Pacific Investment Management Company LLC ("PIMCO") joined them and Elliott when it filed its Joinder of Pacific Investment Management Company LLC in the Pending Elliott Motion and Request for Allowance and Payment of Administrative Expense Claim on August 7, 2020 (Dkt. 8704).

23

²⁵

²⁶

²⁷

²⁸

Joining Elliott at that time were: Canyon Capital Advisors LLC, Citadel Advisors LLC, Davidson Kempner Capital Management LP, Farallon Capital Management, L.L.C., Sculptor Master Fund, Ltd., Sculptor Enhanced Master Fund, Ltd., Sculptor Credit Opportunities Master Fund, Ltd., Sculptor GC Opportunities Master Fund, Ltd., Sculptor SC II, LP, and Värde Partners, Inc., on behalf of themselves, and/or certain funds and accounts managed, advised, or sub-advised by them.

("Reorganized Debtors") filed Reorganized Debtors' Initial
Opposition to Elliott Management Corporation's Motion for
Allowance and Payment of Administrative Expense Claim and
Reconsideration of Confirmation Order and Related Joinders as an
initial opposition to Elliott's Motion on August 26, 2020 (Dkt.
8864). Elliott and the others filed their respective responses:
Elliott Management Corporation's Response to Reorganized
Debtors' Initial Opposition to Motion for (i) Allowance and
Payment of an Administrative Expense Claim and (ii) to the
Extent Necessary, Reconsideration and Relief from the
Confirmation Order Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure
60(b) (Dkt. 9032) and Additional RSA Noteholders' Response to
Reorganized Debtors' Initial Opposition to Elliott Motion for
Allowance and Payment of Administrative Expense Claim and
Reconsideration of Confirmation Order and Related Joinders (Dkt.
9034) on September 14. Reorganized Debtors filed their Reply in
Support of Initial Opposition to Elliott Management
Corporation's Motion for Allowance and Payment of Administrative
Expense Claim and Reconsideration of Confirmation Order and
Related Joinders on September 25, 2020 (Dkt. 9143).

PG&E Corporation and Pacific Gas and Electric Company

The motion came on for hearing on October 13, 2020. Appearances were noted on the record.

III. CRITICAL DATES, PLAN PROVISIONS AND PARAGRAPHS OF THE OCP.

On February 5, 2020, the court approved the Noteholder RSA following extensive negotiations among the Reorganized Debtors

(prior to confirmation of their Plan), certain Shareholders Proponents, and certain holders of funded debt claims.

The court entered its Order Confirming Debtors' and Shareholder Proponents' Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization Dated June 19, 2020 (the "OCP") on June 20, 2020, confirming the Debtors' and Shareholders Proponents' Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization Dated June 19, 2020 (the "Plan") (Dkt. 8053). The Plan became effective as of July 1, 2020 (the "Effective Date").

The critical and determinative provisions relevant to this decision are as follows:

Plan, Article 2.1 Administrative Expense Claims

Plan, Article 10.8 Exculpation

Plan, Article 10.9(b) Releases by Holders of Claims

and Interest

- OCP, ¶ 54 Exculpation
- $\texttt{OCP},\ \P\ 56$ Releases by Holders of Claims and Interest.

The Noteholder RSA contains a provision ("the best efforts provision") that the RSA Noteholders contend the Reorganized Debtors breached, thus establishing a basis for their administrative expense claims. That is found in Section 3(a)(iv) of the Noteholder RSA and obligates the debtors (prior to confirmation and up to the Effective Date), and their attorneys, advisors, and agents to:

use their best efforts, which shall not require the Debtors to pay any consideration, breach any obligations, or otherwise violate the terms of any Backstop Commitment Letter, to cause various Backstop Parties to transfer (whether by assignment, participation, or otherwise) to

Consenting Noteholders that were parties to the AHC Commitment Letter and any Consenting Noteholders that were offered the opportunity to participate in any subsequent commitment in connection with the Alternative Plan, their rights (subject to Section 7 hereof) (including the right to receive fees thereunder) and obligations under applicable Backstop Commitment Letters relating to up to \$2 billion of commitments.

IV. PROCEDURAL STATUS.

On August 11, 2020, the court entered an Order Regarding Scheduling with Respect to Elliott Management Corporation Motion for Allowance and Payment of Administrative Expense Claim and Related Joinders (Dkt. 8746). There the court established a procedure to determine whether the Reorganized Debtors could prevail on the face of Elliott's motion, as joined by the others, as a matter of law, avoiding the need for discovery or other unnecessary delay. The Reorganized Debtors' challenge to the administrative expense claims of the RSA Noteholders is a contested matter under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014; that rule in turn incorporates relevant provisions of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure via the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

Accordingly, the court treats the matters that were briefed and argued on October 13, 2020 as the functional equivalent of a motion for a judgment on the pleadings, taking all facts as uncontested for these purposes. It determines as a matter of law that the Reorganized Debtors are correct and their objections should be sustained.

26 / / ₂₇

v. DISCUSSION.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2.4

25

26

27

A. Administrative Expense Claims - Allowed or Disallowed

The RSA Noteholders make much of a statement in Section 2.1 of the Plan that no administrative expense claims shall be discharged and contend that their claim for breach of the Noteholder RSA constitutes an administrative expense claim and that Debtors' proposed treatment of the claim conflicts with Articles 10.8 and 10.9 of the Plan and paragraphs 54 and 56 of the OCP.

The court disagrees. Article 1.4 preserves expenses of administration that are allowable; the corollary is that administrative expense claims that are not allowable will be discharged and, of course, will not be paid. As stated at the outset, the court is disallowing the administrative expense claims of the RSA Noteholders. The concern about discharge is moot and no further action by the court is necessary as to this issue.

B. Negotiation and Pursuit of the Noteholder RSA

In the Memorandum of Decision - Confirmation of Debtors' and Shareholder Proponents' Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization (Dkt. 8001), the court referred to the recent Ninth Circuit Blixseth decision in support of the proposition that exculpation provisions permit protection of various parties "who participated in the approval process", pointing out that the exculpation provisions of the Plan cover a multitude of

Blixseth v. Credit Suisse (In re Blixseth), 961 F.3d 1074 (9th Cir. 28 2020).

players, a number of documents and a number of events and activities, consistent with the complexity and difficulties of these cases. *Blixseth* itself cited *In re PWS Holding Corp.*, 228 F.3d 224 (3d Cir. 2000), for the notion that partial exculpation is the norm for acts committed during the process of developing and confirming a chapter 11 plan. Such provisions do not conflict with 11 U.S.C. § 524(e).

For this reason, it is appropriate and consistent with <code>Blixseth</code>, to extend exculpation to parties who participated, negotiated and even "pursued" the Noteholder RSA and countless other documents. But once the negotiation was completed, the pursuit was over. Article 10.8 provides the safe harbor for all who accomplished that end, for all who were "involved in the process of developing and confirming [the Plan]". When the Noteholder RSA was approved by the court on February 5, 2020 (Dkt. 5637) there was nothing further to negotiate or pursue concerning that document. To use the vernacular, it was a "done deal".

The RSA Noteholders are correct that they had the right to contend at a later date that Reorganized Debtors, prior to or concurrent with confirmation of the Plan, breached the best efforts provision, subject to whatever defenses the Reorganized Debtors may assert. Thus, the court concludes that the exculpation provisions of Article 10.8, and the parallel provisions of paragraph 54 of the OCP provide no relief for the Reorganized Debtors.

27 | /

2.4

C. Releases by Holders of Claims and Interest

In contrast to the narrow exculpation provisions dealing with "negotiation and pursuit" of various documents and including a fairly typical carveout for actual fraud or willful misconduct, the release provisions and the parallel paragraph 56 of the OCP are quite a different story. There, there is no carveout for actual fraud or willful misconduct nor any limitation on the extent and breadth of what has been released. The provisions are lengthy, somewhat redundant and very lawyerlike. Below the court highlights certain provisions to emphasize how far reaching they are and how readily they encompass any alleged breach of the best efforts provision:

"Released Parties [including the Reorganized Debtors] are deemed forever released and discharged . . . from any and all claims, interests, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, debts, rights, Causes of Action, losses, remedies, and liabilities whatsoever . . . based on or relating to, or in any manner arising from, in whole or in part, the Debtors', the Fires', the Chapter 11 Cases . . . the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to any Claim . . . the business or contractual arrangements between any Debtor and any Released Parties . . . the Plan Funding, the Restructuring . . . before or during the Chapter 11 Cases . . . the Backstop Commitment Letters . . . the Noteholder RSA . . . the negotiation, formulation, or preparation of . . . the Plan and related agreements . . . , and "other documents (including Plan documents) . . . , the Noteholder RSA "

Based upon these broad provisions the court determines that the RSA Noteholders are bound by the releases they agreed to, thus relieving the Reorganized Debtors of any exposure to claims

28

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1 || ¹ 2 || ¹

by the RSA Noteholders for breach of the Noteholder RSA and in particular the best efforts provisions.

D. Post Effective Date Claims

The RSA Noteholders point to the preamble of Article 10.9(b) to maintain that somehow their right to assert the administrative expense claims survives confirmation and the Effective Date, and thus can be asserted, subject to substantive defenses, at this juncture. The court rejects that argument.

Article 10.9(b) begins:

"Releases by Holders of Claims and Interests. As of and subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, except for the rights that remain in effect from and after the Effective Date to enforce the Plan . . . "

The RSA Noteholders argue that the Reorganized Debtors breached the best efforts provision by not even attempting to have any of the Backstop Commitment parties share with them any of the fees and other entitlements up to \$2 billion of commitments as provided in the portion of the Noteholder RSA quoted above. The best efforts provision was a continuing obligation for the duration of the RSA Support Period, defined as running from the date of execution of the Noteholder RSA through the Effective Date of the Plan. The provisions of Section 3(a)(4) ended on that Effective Date and thus do not come within the phrase "rights that remain in effect from and after the Effective Date." The RSA Noteholders had no right to complain about the Reorganized Debtors' lack of best efforts once the obligations to exercise them ceased. The releases

became effective at the same time that the right to assert best efforts ended. Whether the RSA Noteholders could have asserted some sort of a breach prior to the Effective Date, and prior to the effectiveness of the broad releases, is pure speculation. It did not happen. The after-the-fact assertions of the administrative expense claims were barred as a matter of law by the operation of the releases in Article 10.9(b) and OCP \P 56 as of the Effective Date.

E. Other Issues

Because the court is disallowing the RSA Noteholders' administrative expense claims for the reasons stated above, it need not address the alternative theories of waiver or forfeiture asserted by the Reorganized Debtors.

RSA Noteholders ask for alternative relief from the OCP.

Reorganized Debtors are correct that modification of the Plan could only be attempted in accordance with 11 U.S.C. § 1127(b).

And the RSA Noteholders are correct that Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9024, incorporating Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(b), has been a basis for relief from orders confirming plans. On this record, however, nothing justifies granting the extraordinary alternative relief they seek.

The record does show that at a lightning fast pace in June, 2020, this complicated case proceeded quickly to meet state-imposed deadlines and presented myriad obstacles for all principal players and the court. Given that history, the court believes that Elliott and the other concerned RSA Noteholders could have dealt with procedural difficulties such as the

2.1

2.4

original confirmation objection deadline or the fact that the confirmation record had been closed by the time of the June 9, 2020, Backstop Motion. They could have sought some form of expedited relief before entry of the OCP were they so included.

All major players are and were represented by some of the most experienced and qualified bankruptcy counsel in the country, and they know how to act quickly and effectively when they need to. While the court will not engage in a theoretical debate about whether one side waited in the weeds or the other side tried to hide the ball, it will decline to excise its discretion by reconsidering the OCP under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9024 or otherwise.

VI. CONCLUSION.

The court is concurrently issuing orders disallowing the administrative expense claims of Elliott, the Additional RSA Noteholders and PIMCO for the reasons stated in this memorandum decision.

*** END OF MEMORANDUM DECISION***

Entered on Docket October 22, 2020

EDWARD J. EMMONS, CLERK U.S. BANKRUPTCY COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA



Signed and Filed: October 22, 2020

_ _

Clemis Montal.

DENNIS MONTALIU.S. Bankruptcy Judge

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

I	In re:) Bankru	ıptcy Case	
I) No. 19	-30088-DM	
I	PG&E CORPORATION,)		
ļ) Chapte	er 11	
ļ	- and -)		
	PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY,		y Administered	
	Reorganized Debtors.	Date: Time:	October 13, 2020 10:30 a.m.	
I	☐ Affects PG&E Corporation	 	Hearing held via Zoom	L
I	\square Affects Pacific Gas and			
I	Electric Company			
	☐ Affects both Debtors			
	* All papers shall be filed in) the Lead Case, No. 19-30088 (DM).)			

ORDER DISALLOWING ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE CLAIMS OF PACIFIC INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT COMPANY LLC

For the reasons stated in the Memorandum Decision

Disallowing Administrative Expense Claims issued this date, the administrative expense claims asserted by Pacific Investment

Management Company LLC (Dkts. 8704 and 9034), and opposed by the Reorganized Debtors, are DISALLOWED.

*** END OF ORDER***

-1-

Casse: 19-30088 Doc#94105-2 Fifeited 1/0403/20 Efemented 1/0403/209:061361 Pagage 21 o203

of Bankruptcy Procedure, from the *Order Disallowing Administrative Expense Claims of Pacific Investment Management Company LLC* [Bankr. Dkt. No. 9336] (the "Order") and the related *Memorandum Decision Disallowing Administrative Expense Claims* [Bankr. Dkt. No. 9333] (the "Memorandum Decision") entered in the above-captioned case on October 22, 2020. A copy of the Order is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**. A copy of the Memorandum Decision is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**. Notices of appeal of related orders [Bankr. Dkt. Nos. 9334, 9335] and the Memorandum Decision have been filed by Elliott Management Company ("Elliott") [Bankr. Dkt. No. 9398], and by Canyon Capital Advisors LLC, Citadel Advisors LLC, Davidson Kempner Capital Management LP, Farallon Capital Management, L.L.C., Sculptor Master Fund, Ltd., Sculptor Enhanced Master Fund, Ltd., Sculptor Credit Opportunities Master Fund, Ltd., Sculptor GC Opportunities Master Fund, Ltd., Sculptor SC II, LP, and Värde Partners, Inc., on behalf of themselves, and/or certain funds and accounts managed, advised, or sub-advised by them (collectively, the "Additional RSA Noteholders") [Bankr. Dkt. No. 9403].

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 158(a), the Order and Memorandum Decision are appealable as a matter of right. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 158(c)(1), the Appellants hereby elect to have this appeal heard by the United States District Court for the Northern District of California.

The parties to the Order (or related orders) and Memorandum Decision and the names, addresses and telephone numbers of their respective attorneys are set forth below.

APPELLANT

Party	Counsel
PIMCO, as investment adviser or	David P. Simonds (Cal. Bar No. 214499)
manager for certain funds and accounts	Edward J. McNeilly (Cal. Bar No. 314588)
	HOGAN LOVELLS US LLP
	1999 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 1400
	Los Angeles, California 90067
	Telephone: 310.785.4600
	Facsimile: 310.785.4601
	david.simonds@hoganlovells.com
	edward.mcneilly@hoganlovells.com
	Michael C. Hefter (Admitted <i>Pro Hac Vice</i>)
	Matthew Ducharme (Admitted <i>Pro Hac Vice</i>)
	HOGAN LOVELLS US LLP
	390 Madison Avenue
	New York, New York 10017
	Telephone: 212.918.3000
	Facsimile: 212.918.3100
	michael.hefter@hoganlovells.com
	matthew.ducharme@hoganlovells.com

APPELLEE

16	THE BEBBB	
	Party	Counsel
17	Reorganized Debtors	WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP
18		Stephen Karotkin (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> admitted) Ray C. Schrock, P.C. (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> admitted)
19		Jessica Liou (Pro Hac Vice admitted)
20		Theodore E. Tsekerides (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> admitted)
21		767 Fifth Avenue New York, New York 10153-0119
22		Telephone: 212.310.8000 Facsimile: 212.310.8007
23		stephen.karotkin@weil.com,
24		ray.schrock@weil.com, jessica.liou@weil.com,
25		theodore.tsekerides@weil.com
26		
27		

1	KELLER BENVENUTTI KIM LLP
2	Tobias S. Keller (Cal. Bar No.151445)
2	Peter J. Benvenutti (Cal. Bar No. 60566)
3	Jane Kim (Cal. Bar No. 298192)
5	650 California Street, Suite 1900
4	San Francisco, California 94108
	Telephone: 415.496.6723
5	Facsimile: 650.636.9251
6	tkeller@kbkllp.com
6	pbenvenutti@kbkllp.com
7	jkim@kbkllp.com
,	

OTHER PARTIES TO THE ORDER (OR RELATED ORDERS) AND MEMORANDUM DECISION

10	Party Counsel			
	Elliott	ROPES & GRAY LLP		
11	Emott			
12		Rocky C. Tsai (Cal. Bar No. 221452) 3 Embarcadero Center		
12		San Francisco, CA 94111		
13		Telephone: 415.315.6369		
		Facsimile: 415.315.6350		
14		rocky.tsai@ropesgray.com		
15		roomy managrop engray room		
13		ROPES & GRAY LLP		
16		Andrew G. Devore (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> admitted)		
		Prudential Tower		
17		800 Boylston Street		
18		Boston, MA 02199		
10		Telephone: 617.951.7000		
19		Facsimile: 617.951.7050		
20		andrew.devore@ropesgray.com		
20		DODEG A CDAVILD		
21		ROPES & GRAY LLP		
		Gregg M. Galardi (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> admitted)		
22		Keith H. Wofford (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> admitted) Daniel G. Egan (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i> admitted)		
23		1211 Avenue of the Americas		
23		New York, NY 10036		
24		Telephone: 212.596.9000		
		Facsimile: 212.596.9090		
25		gregg.galardi@ropesgray.com		
26		keith.wofford@ropesgray.com		
20		daniel.egan@ropesgray.com		
27				

1 **Additional RSA Noteholders** Christopher T. Casamassima (Cal. Bar No. 211280) 2 WILMER CUTLER PICKERING HALE AND DORR LLP 3 350 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2100 Los Angeles, CA 90071 4 Telephone: 213.443.5300 5 Facsimile: 213.443.5400 chris.casamassima@wilmerhale.com 6 Philip D. Anker (*Pro Hac Vice* forthcoming) 7 Allyson Pierce (Cal. Bar No. 325060) WILMER CUTLER PICKERING HALE 8 AND DORR LLP 9 250 Greenwich Street New York, NY 10007 10 Telephone: 212.230.8800 Facsimile: 212.230.8888 11 philip.anker@wilmerhale.com allyson.pierce@wilmerhale.com 12 13 14 15 [Continued on following page] 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 5 28

1	Dated: November 4, 2020	/s/ Edward J. McNeilly
2		David P. Simonds (Cal. Bar No. 214499) Edward J. McNeilly (Cal. Bar No. 314588)
3		HOGAN LOVELLS US LLP
		1999 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 1400
4		Los Angeles, California 90067 Telephone: 310.785.4600
5		Facsimile: 310.785.4601
6		david.simonds@hoganlovells.com edward.mcneilly@hoganlovells.com
7		, ,
8		Michael C. Hefter (Admitted <i>Pro Hac Vice</i>) Matthew Ducharme (Admitted <i>Pro Hac Vice</i>)
		HOGAN LOVELLS US LLP
9		390 Madison Avenue New York, New York 10017
10		Telephone: 212.918.3000
11		Facsimile: 212.918.3100
12		michael.hefter@hoganlovells.com matthew.ducharme@hoganlovells.com
13		
		Counsel to Pacific Investment Management
14		Company LLC, as investment adviser or
15		manager for certain funds and accounts
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		6
_ ~	•	

Exhibit A

Order

Entered on Docket
October 22, 2020
EDWARD LEMMONS CLERK

EDWARD J. EMMONS, CLERK U.S. BANKRUPTCY COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA



Signed and Filed: October 22, 2020

⊥ /

Clevis Montale.

DENNIS MONTALI U.S. Bankruptcy Judge

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

In re:		ptcy Case -30088-DM	
PG&E CORPORATION,			
)	Chapte	r 11	
- and -)	Tointl	y Administered	
PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY,)		y Administered	
Reorganized Debtors.)	Date: Time:	October 13, 2020 10:30 a.m.	
☐ Affects PG&E Corporation		Hearing held via Zo	om
\square Affects Pacific Gas and			
Electric Company)			
$oxed{\boxtimes}$ Affects both Debtors			
) * All papers shall be filed in)			
the Lead Case, No. 19-30088 (DM).)			

ORDER DISALLOWING ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE CLAIMS OF PACIFIC INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT COMPANY LLC

For the reasons stated in the Memorandum Decision

Disallowing Administrative Expense Claims issued this date, the administrative expense claims asserted by Pacific Investment

Management Company LLC (Dkts. 8704 and 9034), and opposed by the Reorganized Debtors, are DISALLOWED.

*** END OF ORDER***

-1-

Exhibit B

Memorandum

Entered on Docket October 22, 2020

EDWARD J. EMMONS, CLERK
U.S. BANKRUPTCY COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA



Signed and Filed: October 22, 2020

Clevino Montale.

DENNIS MONTALI U.S. Bankruptcy Judge

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

In re:	Bankruptcy Case
)	No. 19-30088-DM
PG&E CORPORATION,)	
)	Chapter 11
- and -)	
)	Jointly Administered
PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY,)	
Reorganized Debtors.	Date: October 13, 2020 Time: 10:30 a.m.
☐ Affects PG&E Corporation)	Hearing held via Zoom
☐ Affects Pacific Gas and)	
Electric Company	
<pre></pre>	
* All papers shall be filed in) the Lead Case, No. 19-30088 (DM).	
l l	

MEMORANDUM DECISION DISALLOWING ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE CLAIMS

I. INTRODUCTION.

A group of claimants ("the RSA Noteholders") have asserted administrative expense claims arising from the Reorganized Debtors' purported breach of a post-petition restructuring agreement, estimated to be in the aggregate of \$250,000,000, against the Reorganized Debtors. For the reasons explained

-1-

below, the court will sustain the objections of the Reorganized Debtors and disallow the claims.

II. PARTIES.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

Elliott Management Corporation ("Elliott") on its own behalf and on behalf of certain funds and accounts managed, advised, or sub-advised by it, filed the Motion for (i) Allowance and Payment of an Administrative Expense Claim and (ii) to the Extent Necessary, Reconsideration and Relief from the Confirmation Order Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 60(b) on July 24, 2020 (Dkt. 8536). This motion and request for allowance and payment of an administrative expense is based on a purported breach by Debtors of a post-petition restructuring agreement that they entered with certain noteholders (the "Noteholder RSA"). Elliott was joined by several similarly situated claimants who filed their Joinder in the Pending Elliott Motion and Request for Allowance and Payment of Administrative Expense Claim on August 4, 2020 (Dkt. 8663).1 Pacific Investment Management Company LLC ("PIMCO") joined them and Elliott when it filed its Joinder of Pacific Investment Management Company LLC in the Pending Elliott Motion and Request for Allowance and Payment of Administrative Expense Claim on August 7, 2020 (Dkt. 8704).

2324

27

_ -

Joining Elliott at that time were: Canyon Capital Advisors LLC, Citadel Advisors LLC, Davidson Kempner Capital Management LP, Farallon Capital Management, L.L.C., Sculptor Master Fund, Ltd., Sculptor Enhanced Master Fund, Ltd., Sculptor Credit Opportunities Master Fund, Ltd., Sculptor GC

Opportunities Master Fund, Ltd., Sculptor SC II, LP, and Värde Partners, Inc., on behalf of themselves, and/or certain funds and accounts managed, advised, or sub-advised by them.

("Reorganized Debtors") filed Reorganized Debtors' Initial
Opposition to Elliott Management Corporation's Motion for
Allowance and Payment of Administrative Expense Claim and
Reconsideration of Confirmation Order and Related Joinders as an
initial opposition to Elliott's Motion on August 26, 2020 (Dkt.
8864). Elliott and the others filed their respective responses:
Elliott Management Corporation's Response to Reorganized
Debtors' Initial Opposition to Motion for (i) Allowance and
Payment of an Administrative Expense Claim and (ii) to the
Extent Necessary, Reconsideration and Relief from the
Confirmation Order Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure
60(b) (Dkt. 9032) and Additional RSA Noteholders' Response to
Reorganized Debtors' Initial Opposition to Elliott Motion for
Allowance and Payment of Administrative Expense Claim and
Reconsideration of Confirmation Order and Related Joinders (Dkt.
9034) on September 14. Reorganized Debtors filed their Reply in
Support of Initial Opposition to Elliott Management
Corporation's Motion for Allowance and Payment of Administrative
Expense Claim and Reconsideration of Confirmation Order and
Related Joinders on September 25, 2020 (Dkt. 9143).

The motion came on for hearing on October 13, 2020. Appearances were noted on the record.

III. CRITICAL DATES, PLAN PROVISIONS AND PARAGRAPHS OF THE OCP.

On February 5, 2020, the court approved the Noteholder RSA following extensive negotiations among the Reorganized Debtors

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18

1920

21

2223

24

25

26

27

28

(prior to confirmation of their Plan), certain Shareholders Proponents, and certain holders of funded debt claims.

The court entered its Order Confirming Debtors' and Shareholder Proponents' Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization Dated June 19, 2020 (the "OCP") on June 20, 2020, confirming the Debtors' and Shareholders Proponents' Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization Dated June 19, 2020 (the "Plan") (Dkt. 8053). The Plan became effective as of July 1, 2020 (the "Effective Date").

The critical and determinative provisions relevant to this decision are as follows:

Plan, Article 2.1 Administrative Expense Claims
Plan, Article 10.8 Exculpation

Plan, Article 10.9(b) Releases by Holders of Claims and Interest

OCP, ¶ 54 Exculpation

 $\texttt{OCP}\text{,}~\P$ 56 Releases by Holders of Claims and Interest.

The Noteholder RSA contains a provision ("the best efforts provision") that the RSA Noteholders contend the Reorganized Debtors breached, thus establishing a basis for their administrative expense claims. That is found in Section 3(a)(iv) of the Noteholder RSA and obligates the debtors (prior to confirmation and up to the Effective Date), and their attorneys, advisors, and agents to:

use their best efforts, which shall not require the Debtors to pay any consideration, breach any obligations, or otherwise violate the terms of any Backstop Commitment Letter, to cause various Backstop Parties to transfer (whether by assignment, participation, or otherwise) to

Consenting Noteholders that were parties to the AHC Commitment Letter and any Consenting Noteholders that were offered the opportunity to participate in any subsequent commitment in connection with the Alternative Plan, their rights (subject to Section 7 hereof) (including the right to receive fees thereunder) and obligations under applicable Backstop Commitment Letters relating to up to \$2 billion of commitments.

IV. PROCEDURAL STATUS.

On August 11, 2020, the court entered an Order Regarding Scheduling with Respect to Elliott Management Corporation Motion for Allowance and Payment of Administrative Expense Claim and Related Joinders (Dkt. 8746). There the court established a procedure to determine whether the Reorganized Debtors could prevail on the face of Elliott's motion, as joined by the others, as a matter of law, avoiding the need for discovery or other unnecessary delay. The Reorganized Debtors' challenge to the administrative expense claims of the RSA Noteholders is a contested matter under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014; that rule in turn incorporates relevant provisions of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure via the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.

Accordingly, the court treats the matters that were briefed and argued on October 13, 2020 as the functional equivalent of a motion for a judgment on the pleadings, taking all facts as uncontested for these purposes. It determines as a matter of law that the Reorganized Debtors are correct and their objections should be sustained.

26 / / 27 / /

V. DISCUSSION.

2.4

A. Administrative Expense Claims - Allowed or Disallowed

The RSA Noteholders make much of a statement in Section 2.1 of the Plan that no administrative expense claims shall be discharged and contend that their claim for breach of the Noteholder RSA constitutes an administrative expense claim and that Debtors' proposed treatment of the claim conflicts with Articles 10.8 and 10.9 of the Plan and paragraphs 54 and 56 of the OCP.

The court disagrees. Article 1.4 preserves expenses of administration that are allowable; the corollary is that administrative expense claims that are not allowable will be discharged and, of course, will not be paid. As stated at the outset, the court is disallowing the administrative expense claims of the RSA Noteholders. The concern about discharge is moot and no further action by the court is necessary as to this issue.

B. Negotiation and Pursuit of the Noteholder RSA

In the Memorandum of Decision - Confirmation of Debtors' and Shareholder Proponents' Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization (Dkt. 8001), the court referred to the recent Ninth Circuit Blixseth decision² in support of the proposition that exculpation provisions permit protection of various parties "who participated in the approval process", pointing out that the exculpation provisions of the Plan cover a multitude of

^{27 | 2 |} Blixseth v. Credit Suisse (*In re Blixseth*), 961 F.3d 1074 (9th Cir. 28 | 2020).

players, a number of documents and a number of events and activities, consistent with the complexity and difficulties of these cases. *Blixseth* itself cited *In re PWS Holding Corp.*, 228 F.3d 224 (3d Cir. 2000), for the notion that partial exculpation is the norm for acts committed during the process of developing and confirming a chapter 11 plan. Such provisions do not conflict with 11 U.S.C. § 524(e).

For this reason, it is appropriate and consistent with <code>Blixseth</code>, to extend exculpation to parties who participated, negotiated and even "pursued" the Noteholder RSA and countless other documents. But once the negotiation was completed, the pursuit was over. Article 10.8 provides the safe harbor for all who accomplished that end, for all who were "involved in the process of developing and confirming [the Plan]". When the Noteholder RSA was approved by the court on February 5, 2020 (Dkt. 5637) there was nothing further to negotiate or pursue concerning that document. To use the vernacular, it was a "done deal".

The RSA Noteholders are correct that they had the right to contend at a later date that Reorganized Debtors, prior to or concurrent with confirmation of the Plan, breached the best efforts provision, subject to whatever defenses the Reorganized Debtors may assert. Thus, the court concludes that the exculpation provisions of Article 10.8, and the parallel provisions of paragraph 54 of the OCP provide no relief for the Reorganized Debtors.

2.4

C. Releases by Holders of Claims and Interest

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

In contrast to the narrow exculpation provisions dealing with "negotiation and pursuit" of various documents and including a fairly typical carveout for actual fraud or willful misconduct, the release provisions and the parallel paragraph 56 of the OCP are quite a different story. There, there is no carveout for actual fraud or willful misconduct nor any limitation on the extent and breadth of what has been released. The provisions are lengthy, somewhat redundant and very lawyerlike. Below the court highlights certain provisions to emphasize how far reaching they are and how readily they encompass any alleged breach of the best efforts provision:

"Released Parties [including the Reorganized Debtors] are deemed forever released and discharged . . . from any and all claims, interests, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, debts, rights, Causes of Action, losses, remedies, and liabilities whatsoever . . . based on or relating to, or in any manner arising from, in whole or in part, the Debtors', the Fires', the Chapter 11 Cases . . . the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to any Claim . . . the business or contractual arrangements between any Debtor and any Released Parties . . . the Plan Funding, the Restructuring . . . before or during the Chapter 11 Cases . . . the Backstop Commitment Letters . . . the Noteholder RSA . . . the negotiation, formulation, or preparation of . . . the Plan and related agreements . . . , and "other documents (including Plan documents) . . . , the Noteholder RSA "

Based upon these broad provisions the court determines that the RSA Noteholders are bound by the releases they agreed to, thus relieving the Reorganized Debtors of any exposure to claims by the RSA Noteholders for breach of the Noteholder RSA and in particular the best efforts provisions.

D. Post Effective Date Claims

The RSA Noteholders point to the preamble of Article 10.9(b) to maintain that somehow their right to assert the administrative expense claims survives confirmation and the Effective Date, and thus can be asserted, subject to substantive defenses, at this juncture. The court rejects that argument.

Article 10.9(b) begins:

"Releases by Holders of Claims and Interests. As of and subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, except for the rights that remain in effect from and after the Effective Date to enforce the Plan . . . "

The RSA Noteholders argue that the Reorganized Debtors breached the best efforts provision by not even attempting to have any of the Backstop Commitment parties share with them any of the fees and other entitlements up to \$2 billion of commitments as provided in the portion of the Noteholder RSA quoted above. The best efforts provision was a continuing obligation for the duration of the RSA Support Period, defined as running from the date of execution of the Noteholder RSA through the Effective Date of the Plan. The provisions of Section 3(a)(4) ended on that Effective Date and thus do not come within the phrase "rights that remain in effect from and after the Effective Date." The RSA Noteholders had no right to complain about the Reorganized Debtors' lack of best efforts once the obligations to exercise them ceased. The releases

became effective at the same time that the right to assert best efforts ended. Whether the RSA Noteholders could have asserted some sort of a breach prior to the Effective Date, and prior to the effectiveness of the broad releases, is pure speculation. It did not happen. The after-the-fact assertions of the administrative expense claims were barred as a matter of law by the operation of the releases in Article 10.9(b) and OCP \P 56 as of the Effective Date.

E. Other Issues

Because the court is disallowing the RSA Noteholders' administrative expense claims for the reasons stated above, it need not address the alternative theories of waiver or forfeiture asserted by the Reorganized Debtors.

RSA Noteholders ask for alternative relief from the OCP.

Reorganized Debtors are correct that modification of the Plan could only be attempted in accordance with 11 U.S.C. § 1127(b).

And the RSA Noteholders are correct that Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9024, incorporating Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(b), has been a basis for relief from orders confirming plans. On this record, however, nothing justifies granting the extraordinary alternative relief they seek.

The record does show that at a lightning fast pace in June, 2020, this complicated case proceeded quickly to meet state-imposed deadlines and presented myriad obstacles for all principal players and the court. Given that history, the court believes that Elliott and the other concerned RSA Noteholders could have dealt with procedural difficulties such as the

2.1

2.4

original confirmation objection deadline or the fact that the confirmation record had been closed by the time of the June 9, 2020, Backstop Motion. They could have sought some form of expedited relief before entry of the OCP were they so included.

All major players are and were represented by some of the most experienced and qualified bankruptcy counsel in the country, and they know how to act quickly and effectively when they need to. While the court will not engage in a theoretical debate about whether one side waited in the weeds or the other side tried to hide the ball, it will decline to excise its discretion by reconsidering the OCP under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9024 or otherwise.

VI. CONCLUSION.

The court is concurrently issuing orders disallowing the administrative expense claims of Elliott, the Additional RSA Noteholders and PIMCO for the reasons stated in this memorandum decision.

*** END OF MEMORANDUM DECISION***

1	David P. Simonds (Bar No. 214499)	Michael C. Hefter (pro hac vice pending)	
2	Edward J. McNeilly (Bar No. 314588) HOGAN LOVELLS US LLP	Matthew Ducharme (<i>pro hac vice</i> pending) HOGAN LOVELLS US LLP	
3	1999 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 1400 Los Angeles, California 90067	390 Madison Avenue New York, New York 10017	
4	Telephone: (310) 785-4600	Telephone: (212) 918-3000	
5	Facsimile: (310) 785-4601 david.simonds@hoganlovells.com	Facsimile: (212) 918-310 michael.hefter@hoganlovells.com	
6	edward.mcneilly@hoganlovells.com	matthew.ducharme@hoganlovells.com	
7	Counsel to Pacific Investment Management Company LLC, as investment adviser or manager for certain funds and accounts that were Consenting Noteholders		
8			
9	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION		
10			
11			
12	T	C N 10 20000 (DM)	
13	In re:	Case No. 19-30088 (DM)	
14	PG&E CORPORATION,	Chapter 11	
15	-and-	(Lead Case)	
16	PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC	(Jointly Administered)	
17	COMPANY,	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
18	Reorganized Debtors.		
19	☐ Affects PG&E Corporation		
20			
21	Affects Pacific Gas and Electric Company		
22	Affects both Debtors		
23	*All papers shall be filed in the Lead Case, No. 19-30088 (DM)		
24	17 30000 (DIN)		
25			
26			
27			

TRACY SOUTHWELL

- 1. I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. I am employed by Hogan Lovells US LLP and my business address is 1999 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 1400, Los Angeles, California 90067.
- 2. I certify that on November 4, 2020, I caused a true copy of the *Notice of Appeal and Statement of Election to Have Appeal Heard by District Court* [ECF 9405] to be served via email on the parties listed on the annexed **Exhibit A**.

Los Angeles, California

/s/ Tracy Southwell

Dated: November 4, 2020

Tracy Southwell

EXHIBIT A

2	Party	Counsel	Email
3		WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES	stephen.karotkin@weil.com, ray.schrock@weil.com,
4		Stephen Karotkin	jessica.liou@weil.com,
5		Ray C. Schrock, P.C Jessica Liou	theodore.tsekerides@weil.com
	Reorganized Debtors	Theodore E. Tsekerides	
6	Reorganized Debtors	KELLER BENVENUTTI KIM	tkeller@kbkllp.com
7		LLP Tobias S. Keller	pbenvenutti@kbkllp.com jkim@kbkllp.com
8		Peter J. Benvenutti Jane Kim	
9			
10		ROPES & GRAY LLP	rocky.tsai@ropesgray.com andrew.devore@ropesgray.com
		Rocky C. Tsai Andrew G. Devore	gregg.galardi@ropesgray.com keith.wofford@ropesgray.com
11	Elliott	Gregg M. Galardi Keith H. Wofford	daniel.egan@ropesgray.com
12		Daniel G. Egan	
13			
14		WILMER CUTLER PICKERING HALE AND	chris.casamassima@wilmerhale.com philip.anker@wilmerhale.com
15	Additional RSA Noteholders	DORR LLP Christopher T. Casamassima	allyson.pierce@wilmerhale.com
16	1 (ottiloide)	Philip D. Anker Allyson Pierce	
17			